

Voluntary Product Standard

PS 69-76

DL: ARTMENT OF COMMERCE/National Bureau of Standards



Voluntary Product Standard

PS 69-76

1). DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE/National Bureau of Standards

MARKING OF ARTICLES
MADE WHOLLY
OR IN PART OF PLATINUM





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NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

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¹ Headquarters and Laboratories at Gaithersburg, Maryland, unless otherwise noted; mailing address Washington, D.C. 20234.

² Located at Boulder, Colorado 80302.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Juanita M. Kreps, Secretary

Dr. Sidney Harman, Under Secretary
Jordan J. Baruch, Assistant Secretary for Science and Technology
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, Ernest Ambler, Acting Director

Voluntary Product Standard PS 69-76

Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum

Approved by the American National Standards Institute on April 18, 1977, as American National Standard ANSI/VSP PS 69–76

Abstract

This Voluntary Product Standard covers the marking of articles made wholly or in part of platinum, as defined herein, offered for sale in the United States of America. Requirements given apply to making of "Platinum," "Iridium," "Palladium," "Ruthenium," "Rhodium," and/or "Osmium." Definitions of trade terms used and methods for identifying products that comply with the standard are included.

Key words: Jewelry, marking of; "Platinum," marking of; "Iridium," marking of; "Palladium," marking of; "Ruthenium," marking of; "Rhodium," marking of; "Osmium," marking of.

Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.), Prod. Stand. 69-76, 6 pages (Sept. 1977) CODEN:XNPSAX

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VOLUNTARY PRODUCT STANDARDS

Voluntary Product Standards are developed under procedures published by the Department of Commerce in Part 10, Title 15, of the Code of Federal Regulations. The purpose of the standards is to establish nationally recognized requirements for products, and to provide all concerned interests with a basis for common understanding of the characteristics of the products. The National Bureau of Standards administers the Voluntary Product Standards program as a supplement to the activities of the private sector standardizing organizations.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A VOLUNTARY PRODUCT STANDARD

The role of the National Bureau of Standards in the establishment of a Voluntary Product Standard is to (1) act as an unbiased coordinator in the development of the standard, (2) provide editorial assistance in the preparation of the standard, (3) supply such assistance and review as is required to assure the technical soundness of the standard, (4) seek satisfactory adjustment of valid points of disagreement, (5) determine the compliance with the criteria of the Department's procedures, (6) provide secretarial functions for each committee appointed under the Department's procedures, and (7) publish the standard as a public document.

Producers, distributors, users, consumers, and other interested groups contribute to the establishment of a *Voluntary Product Standard* by (1) initiating and participating in the development of the standard, (2) providing technical or other related counsel as appropriate relating to the standard, (3) promoting the use of and support for the standard, and (4) assisting in keeping the standard current with respect to advancing technology and marketing practices.

USE OF A VOLUNTARY PRODUCT STANDARD

The use of a *Voluntary Product Standard* is voluntary; the National Bureau of Standards has no regulatory power in the enforcement of the provisions of the standards. However, since the standards represent a consensus of all interested groups, their provisions are likely to become established as trade customs. In addition, when a standard is made a part of a legal document, such as a sales contract or code, compliance with the standard is enforceable.

The benefits derived from *Voluntary Product Standards* are in direct proportion to their general recognition and actual use. Producers and distributors whose products meet the requirements of a *Voluntary Product Standard* may refer to the standard in advertising and on labels to promote greater public understanding of or confidence in their products. Purchasers may order products conforming to the requirements of the standards.

For copies of the *Voluntary Product Standards* procedures or for more information concerning the development and use of these standards you may write to: Standards Development Services Section, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234.

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Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum Effective April 12, 1976 (See section 6)

(This Standard, which was initiated by the Jewelers Vigilance Committee, has been developed under the *Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards* of the U.S. Department of Commerce as a revalidation of CS 66-38, *Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum*. See Section 7, *History of Project*, for further information.)

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Voluntary Product Standard is to establish nationally recognized marking requirements for articles made wholly or in part of platinum and to provide producers, distributors, and users with a basis for common understanding of the characteristics of this product.

2. SCOPE

This Voluntary Product Standard covers the marking of articles made wholly or in part of platinum, as herein defined, offered for sale in the United States of America. Definitions of trade terms used and methods for identifying products that comply with the Standard are included.

3. REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1. General—Products represented as complying with this Voluntary Product Standard shall meet all the requirements specified herein.
- 3.2. Application of quality marks—When an article is composed of mechanism, works, or movements and of a case or cover containing the mechanism, works, or movements, a quality mark applied to the article shall be deemed not to be, nor intended to be, applied to the mechanism, works, or movements.
- 3.2.1. Marks not applied—The quality mark applied to the article shall be deemed not to apply to springs, winding bars, sleeves, crown cores, mechanical joint pins, screws, rivets, dust bands, detachable movement rims, hat-pin stems, and bracelet and necklace snap tongues. In addition, in the event that an article is marked under 3.5(4), the quality mark applied to the article shall be deemed not to apply to pin tongues, joints, catches, lapel-button backs, and the posts to which they are attached, scarf-pin stems, hat-pin sockets, shirt-stud backs, vest-button backs, and ear-screw backs, provided such parts are made of the same quality of platinum as is used in the balance of the article.

- 3.3. Trademark—If there is any quality mark printed, stamped, or branded on the article itself, there must also be printed, stamped, or branded on the said article itself the following mark to wit: A trademark duly applied for or registered under the laws of the United States of the manufacturer of such article; except that if such manufacturer has sold or contracted to sell such article to a jobber, wholesaler, or retail dealer regularly engaged in the business of buying and selling similar articles, this provision shall be deemed to be complied with if there is so marked on the said article the trademark duly registered under the laws of the United States of such jobber, wholesaler, or retail dealer, respectively; and there may also be marked on the said article itself numerals intended to identify the article, design, or pattern, provided, however, that such numerals do not appear or purport to be a part of the quality mark and provided that they do not tend to mislead or deceive anyone into believing that they are a part of the quality mark.
- 3.4. Quality marks, description—All quality marks applied to any article shall be equal in size and equally visible, legible, clear, and distinct, and no quality mark which is false, deceptive or misleading shall be applied to any article or to any descriptive device therefor. No more than one quality mark shall be applied to any article, and such quality mark shall be applied to such article in only one place thereon, except as elsewhere herein specifically permitted. Wherever in this Standard, provision is made for marking the number of parts or proportion of metals, such number or proportion shall refer to weight and not to volume, thickness, or any other basis.
- 3.5. Quality, contents—There shall not be applied to any article any quality mark nor any colorable imitation thereof, nor any contraction thereof, nor any addition thereto, nor any words or letters, nor any mark purporting to be or resembling a quality mark except as follows:
- (1) An article consisting of at least 985 parts per thousand of platinum, iridium, palladium,

ruthenium, rhodium, and/or osmium, where solder is not used, and at least 950 parts per thousand of said metal or metals where solder is used, may be marked "Platinum," provided that the total proportion of the aforementioned metals other than pure platinum shall be no more than 50 parts per thousand of the entire article.

- (2) An article consisting of at least 985 parts per thousand of platinum, iridium, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, and/or osmium, where solder is not used, and at least 950 parts per thousand of the metal or metals where solder is used, and provided further that at least 750 parts per thousand of said article are pure platinum, may be marked "Platinum," provided immediately preceding the mark "Platinum" there is marked the name or abbreviation as hereinafter provided, of "Iridium," "Palladium," "Ruthenium," "Rhodium," or "Osmium," whichever of said metals predominates, and provided further that the proportion of such predominating other metal must be more than 50 parts per thousand of the entire article.
- (3) An article consisting of at least 985 parts per thousand of platinum, iridium, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, and/or osmium, where solder is not used, and at least 950 parts per thousand of said metals where solder is used, provided at least 500 parts per thousand of said article consist of pure platinum, may be marked with the word "Platinum," provided that said word is immediately preceded by a number indicating in parts per thousand the proportion of platinum in the entire article, and further provided that said mark "Platinum" be followed by the name or abbreviation as herein allowed, of such one or more of the following metals, to wit: "Iridium," "Palladium," "Ruthenium," "Rhodium," and/or "Osmium," that may be present in the proportion of more than 50 parts per thousand of the entire article. The name of such other metal or metals other than platinum, however, shall each be immediately preceded by a number indicating in parts per thousand the proportion of such other metal or metals in the entire article, as for example, "600 Plat.," "350 Pall.;" or "500 Plat.," "200 Pall.," "150 Ruth.," "100 Rhod."
- (4) An article consisting of 950 parts per thousand of any two or more of the following metals: Platinum, iridium, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, and/or osmium with less than 500 parts per thousand of the entire article consisting of pure platinum, may be marked with the name "Iridium," "Palladium," "Ruthenium," "Rhodium," or "Osmium," whichever predominates in the said article, but in no event with the mark "Platinum," provided, however, that the proportion of such metal other than platinum so marked, must be marked in parts per thousand, and provided further that the name of such metal

other than platinum so used must be spelled out in full irrespective of any other provisions herein to the contrary.

- (5) An article composed of platinum and gold which resembles, appears, or purports to be platinum, may be marked with a karat mark and the platinum mark, provided: (1) The platinum in such article shall be at least 985 parts per thousand pure platinum; (2) the fineness of the gold in such article shall be correctly described by the karat mark of said gold; (3) the proportion of platinum in such article shall be no less than 5 percent of the total weight of the article; and (4) the mark shall be so applied that the karat mark shall immediately precede the platinum mark, as for example, "14 K & Plat.," "18 K & Plat.," as the case may be it being expressly provided that in case the proportion of platinum exceeds the 5 percent provided herein, the quality mark may also include a declaration of the proportion of platinum, as for example, "18 K & 1/10 Plat.," or "14 K & 1/8 Plat.," or as the case may be.
- (6) An article composed of platinum and any other material or metal not resembling, appearing, or purporting to be platinum, may be marked with the quality mark "Platinum," provided all parts or portions of such article purporting to be platinum, or reasonably resembling or appearing to be platinum shall be at least 985 parts per thousand pure platinum.

4. DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Standard, the following definitions shall apply:

Article—Article means any article of merchandise and includes any portion of such article, whether a distinct part thereof or not (including every part thereof whether or not separable), and also including material for manufacture.

Alloys of several metals—Platinum, iridium, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, and osmium include alloys of each of the several said metals.

Mark—Mark means any mark, sign, device, imprint, stamp, or brand applied to any article, or to any tag, card, paper, label, box, carton, container, holder, package cover or wrapping attached to, used in conjunction with or enclosing such article, or any bill, bill of sale, invoice, statement, letter circular, advertisement, notice, memorandum, or other writing or printing.

Apply or Applied—Apply or applied includes any method or means of application or attachment to, or of use on, or in conjunction with, or in relation to an article, whether such application, attachment, or use is to, on, by, in, or with (1) the article itself, (2) anything attached to the article, (3) anything to which the article is attached, (4) anything in, or on, which the article is, or (5) any bill, invoice, order, statement, letter, advertisement, or anything so used or placed as to lead to a reasonable belief that it refers to the article in question.

Quality mark—Quality mark means any mark as herein defined indicating, describing, identifying, or referring to, or appearing or seeming or purporting to indicate, describe, identify or refer to, the partial or total presence or existence of, or the quality of, or the percentage of, or the purity of, or the number of parts of platinum, iridium, palladium, ruthenium, rhodium, and/or osmium in any article.

5. ABBREVIATIONS

For the purposes of this Standard, the following abbreviations shall apply:

Platinum—may be spelled in full or abbreviated "Plat."

Iridium—may be spelled in full or abbreviated "Irid."

Palladium—may be spelled in full or abbreviated "Pall."

Ruthenium—may be spelled in full or abbrevi-

ated "Ruth."

Rhodium—may be spelled in full or abbreviated

"Rhod."

Osmium—may be spelled in full or abbreviated

Osmium—may be spelled in full or abbreviated "Osmi."

6. EFFECTIVE DATE AND IDENTIFICATION

The effective date of this Standard is April 12, 1976. As of the effective date, reference to PS 69-76, may be made in contracts, codes, advertising, invoices, product labels, and the like, but no product may be advertised or represented in any manner which would imply or tend to imply approval or endorsement of that product by the National Bureau of Standards, the Department of Commerce, or by the Federal Government.

The following statements are suggested for use in representing products as conforming to all requirements of this Standard:

(1) "This article conforms to all requirements established in Voluntary Product Standard PS 69-76, developed and published in accordance with the U.S. Department of Commerce Procedures for the Develop-

ment of Voluntary Product Standards. Full responsibility for the conformance of this product to the standard is assumed by (name and address of producer or distributor)."

(2) "Conforms to PS 69-76, (name and address of producer or distributor)."

7. HISTORY OF PROJECT

In 1937 Commercial Standard CS 66-38, Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum, was developed at the request of the Jewelry Crafts Association (renamed Jewelry Manufacturers Association, Inc.), supported by the Jewelres Vigilance Committee, Inc., and was published in June 1938.

In December 1974 the Jewelers Vigilance Committee, Inc., the recognized trade association for the jewelry industry, requested that the National Bureau of Standards initiate a revalidation of CS 66–38 under the *Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards*. Appointments were made to the Standing Committee, and the Jewelers Vigilance Committee, Inc., recommendation was forwarded to them in July 1975 for review. The Standing Committee indicated the standard should be revalidated and in December 1975 they were asked to vote on the appropriateness of the proposal. In February 1976 all members of the Standing Committee approved the proposal to revalidate CS 66–38.

The new edition of the standard was designated Voluntary Product Standard PS 69-76, Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum, and became effective on April 12, 1976.

Technical Standards Coordinator:

C. W. Devereux Standards Development Services Section National Bureau of Standards Washington, D.C. 20234

8. STANDING COMMITTEE

A Standing Committee has been appointed to assist in keeping this Voluntary Product Standard up to date. The names of the members of the committee are available from the Standards Development Services Section, Washington, D.C. 20234, which serves as the secretariat of the committee.

NBS TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS

PERIODICALS

JOURNAL OF RESEARCH reports National Bureau of Standards research and development in physics, mathematics, and chemistry. It is published in two sections, available separately:

Papers of interest primarily to scient orking in these fields. This section covers a bring of physical and chemical research, with remphasis on standards of physical measures, fundamental constants, and properties of more sauded six times a year. Annual subscription: Drope, \$17.00; Foreign, \$21.25.

Mathematical Scirent Section B)

Studies and compact Section B

Studies

DIMENSIONS/NBS (formerly Technical News Bulletin)-This monthly magazine is published to inform scientists, engineers, businessmen, industry, teachers, students, and consumers of the latest advances in science and technology, with primary emphasis on the work at NBS. The magazine highlights and reviews such issues as energy research, fire protection, building technology, metric conversion, pollution abatement, health and safety, and consumer product performance. In addition, it reports the results of Bureau programs in measurement standards and techniques, properties of matter and materials, engineering standards and services, instrumentation, and automatic data processing.

Annual subscription: Domestic, \$12.50; Foreign, \$15.65.

NONPERIODICALS

Monographs—Major contributions to the technical literature on various subjects related to the Bureau's scientific and technical activities.

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Special Publications—Include proceedings of conferences sponsored by NBS, NBS annual reports, and other special publications appropriate to this grouping such as wall charts, pocket cards, and bibliographies.

Applied Mathematics Series-Mathematical tables, manuals, and studies of special interest to physicists, engineers, chemists, biologists, mathematicians, computer programmers, and others engaged in scientific and technical work.

National Standard Reference Data Series-Provides quantitative data on the physical and chemical properties of materials, compiled from the world's literature and critically evaluated. Developed under a world-wide program coordinated by NBS. Program under authority of National Standard Data Act (Public Law 90-396).

NOTE: At present the principal publication outlet for these data is the Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data (JPCRD) published quarterly for NBS by the American Chemical Society (ACS) and the American Institute of Physics (AIP). Subscriptions, reprints, and supplements available from ACS, 1155 Sixteenth St. N.W., Wash. D. C. 20056.

Building Science Series-Disseminates technical information developed at the Bureau on building materials, components, systems, and whole structures. The series presents research results, test methods, and performance criteria related to the structural and environmental functions and the durability and safety characteristics of building elements and systems.

Technical Notes-Studies or reports which are complete in themselves but restrictive in their treatment of a subject. Analogous to monographs but not so comprehensive in scope or definitive in treatment of the subject area. Often serve as a vehicle for final reports of work performed at NBS under the sponsorship of other government agencies.

Voluntary Product Standards-Developed under procedures published by the Department of Commerce in Part 10, Title 15, of the Code of Federal Regulations. The purpose of the standards is to establish nationally recognized requirements for products, and to provide all concerned interests with a basis for common understanding of the characteristics of the products. NBS administers this program as a supplement to the activities of the private sector standardizing organizations.

Consumer Information Series-Practical information. based on NBS research and experience, covering areas of interest to the consumer. Easily understandable language and illustrations provide useful background knowledge for shopping in today's technological marketplace.

Order above NBS publications from: Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Order following NBS publications—NBSIR's and FIPS from the National Technical Information Services, Springfield, Va. 22161.

Federal Information Processing Standards Publications (FIPS PUBS)-Publications in this series collectively constitute the Federal Information Processing Standards Register. Register serves as the official source of information in the Federal Government regarding standards issued by NBS pursuant to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 as amended, Public Law 89-306 (79 Stat. 1127), and as implemented by Executive Order 11717 (38 FR 12315, dated May 11, 1973) and Part 6 of Title 15 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations).

NBS Interagency Reports (NBSIR)-A special series of interim or final reports on work performed by NBS for outside sponsors (both government and non-government). In general, initial distribution is handled by the sponsor; public distribution is by the National Technical Information Services (Springfield, Va. 22161) in paper copy or microfiche form.

BIBLIOGRAPHIC SUBSCRIPTION SERVICES

The following current-awareness and literature-survey bibliographies are issued periodically by the Bureau: Cryogenic Data Center Current Awareness Service. A literature survey issued biweekly. Annual subscrip-

tion: Domestic, \$25.00; Foreign, \$30.00.

Liquified Natural Gas. A literature survey issued quarterly. Annual subscription: \$20.00.

Superconducting Devices and Materials. A literature survey issued quarterly. Annual subscription: \$30.00. Send subscription orders and remittances for the preceding bibliographic services to National Bureau of Standards, Cryogenic Data Center (275.02) Boulder, Colorado 80302.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (DOC) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY (NIST)

(formerly the National Bureau of Standards-NBS]

FACT SHEET

The National Bureau of Standards' (NBS) Commercial Standards (CS) and Voluntary Product Standards (PS) relating to the jewelry industry were withdrawn by the U.S. Department of Commerce on January 20, 1984.

PS67-76, Marking of Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles Other than Watchcases

PS68-76, Marking of Articles Made of Silver in Combination with Gold

PS69-76, Marking of Articles Made Wholly of or in Part of Platinum

PS70-76, Marking of Articles Made of Karat Gold

PS71-76, Marking of Jewelry and Novelties of Silver

Contact the following organizations for further assistance and additional information:

Jewelers Vigilance, 401 East 34th Street, Suite N13A, New York, New York, USA 10016; Telephone: (212) 532-1919, (No Fax Available)

Manufacturing Jewelers and Silversmiths of America, 1 State Street, Providence, Rhode Island 02903-5035, USA; Telephone: (401) 274-3840; Fax: (401) 274-0265.

* * * * * * * * *

Despite the withdrawal of these standards they are still cited in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 16, Part 23-Guides for the Jewelry Industry, under the jurisdiction of the Federal Trade Commission (FTC). Note: CFRs can be found in most libraries.

For further assistance and additional information on the regulations and other requirements contact: Suzanne Patch, Enforcement Division, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 6th and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, D.C., USA 20580; Telephone: (202) 326-2981, Fax: (202) 326-2050.

International Market Research (IMR) Reparts

imin reports are original studies of growth export markets for selected U.S. industries. They are prepared on the spot, in the country of research, by market consultants under contract to the U.S. Department of Commerce or by the U.S. Foreign Commercial Service. The reports reflect the opinions and view of the surveyed country's end users, importers, agency, distributors and government officials. Fees for such reports are between \$50 and \$100, depending on length of the report.

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Trade information and Analysis.

14 Noc. 83-1565 Filed 1-19-83; 8:45 sm)

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

National Bureau of Standards

Status Report on Voluntary Product Standards

AGENCY: National Bureau of Standards, Commerce.

ACTION: Development, maintenance, and withdrawal of certain voluntary standards.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 1982, the Department of Commerce (Department) announced in the Federal Register (47 FR 38171) the status of 26 standards classified as voluntary standards. The announcement was made in accordance with the revised "Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards" (15 CFR Part 10).

The August 30, 1982, notice specified the retention of specific standards for fixed periods of time. The updated status of all existing voluntary standards is indicated below.

The fellowing Voluntary Product Standards will continue to be maintained by the Department:

Standard and Proponent Organization

PS 1-74 "Construction and Industrial Plywood", American Plywood Association

PS 20-70 "American Softwood Lumber Standard", American Lumber Standards Committee

PS 73-77 "Carbonated Soft Drink Bottles", Glass Packaging Institute

The Department has agreed to sponsor the development of a Voluntary Product Standard for the production of carbonated soft drinks in glass bottles, which was requested by the National Soft Drink Association. It has been determined that this standards project meets the six requirements for

Department sponsorship stated in § 10.0(b) of the mentioned Procedures.

The following standards will be retained by the Department until January 20, 1984, to permit the orderly transfer of sponsorship of such standards from the Department to the identified organizations.

PS 56-73 "Structural Glued Laminated Timber", American Institute of Timber Construction

PS 67-76 "Marking of Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles Other Than Watchcases", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 68-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Silver in Combination with Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 69-76 "Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum" Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 70-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Karat Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 71-76 "Marking of Jewelry and Novelties of Silver", Jewelers Vigilance Committee PS 72-76 "Toy Safety", American Society for Testing and Materials

In accordance with § 10.13 of the mentioned Procedures, notice is hereby given of the withdrawal of the following standards. This action is taken in furtherance of the Department's announced intentions as set forth in the August 30, 1982, notice to withdraw these standards. The effective date for the withdrawal of the standards will be March 21, 1988 This withdrawal action terminates the authority to refer to these standards as voluntary standards developed under the Department of Commerce procedures. The organizations listed below have assumed responsibility for the standards.

PS 36-70 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Boys' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 42-70 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Women's Patterns and Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 45-71 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Young Men (Students)", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 51-71 "Hardwood and Decorative Plywood", Hardwood Plywood Manufacturers Association

PS 54-72 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Girls' Apparel". American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 63-75 "Latex Foam Mattresses for Hospitals", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 66-75 "Safety Requirements for Home Playground Equipment", American Society for Testing and Materials

CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Infants. Babies. Toddlers and Children (for the Knit Underwear Industry)", American Society for Testing and Materials

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karl G. Newell, Jr., Office of Product Standards Policy, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234, Telephone: (301) 921–2368.

Dated: January 6, 1983. Ernest Ambler, Director.

[FR Doc. 83-927 Filed 1-19-83: 8:45 am].. BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

Office of the Secretary

President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control; Open Meeting

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Public meeting of the Executive Committee of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control.

SUMMARY: The President's Private
Sector Survey on Cost Control was
established by the President pursuant to
Executive Order 12369 of June 30, 1982,
and extended by Executive Order 12398
of December 31, 1982. The Executive
Committee of the Survey is chartered by
the Department of Commerce as a public
advisory committee in accord with the
Federal Advisory Committee Act.

The purpose of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control is to conduct a private sector survey on cost control in the Federal Government and to advise the President, the Secretary of Commerce, and other Executive agency heads with respect to improving management and reducing costs.

Time and Place

February 4, 1983 at 1100 a.m. The meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Commerce Auditorium, First Floor, Herbert C. Hoover Building, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Agenda

(1) Receive a status report on activities of the President's Private Sector Survey.

(2) Establish a Subcommittee of the Executive Committee. The purposes of the Subcommittee are: (i) To review the recommendations submitted, including task force reports and public comments, and (ii) determine which recommendations should be made to the President and Departments and Agencies.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: To accomplish the President's objective that the survey be funded, to the International Market Research (IMR)

Makeports are original studies of growth export markets for selected U.S. industries. They are prepared on the spot, in the country of research, by market consultants under contract to the U.S. Department of Commerce or by the U.S. Foreign Commercial Service. The reports reflect the opinions and view of the surveyed country's end users. importers, agents, distributors and government officials. Fees for such reports are between \$50 and \$100, depending on length of the report. Stephen B. Strauss, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Trade Information and Analysis.

National Bureau of Standards

19R Joc. 83-1565 Filed 1-19-83; 8:45 am

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

Status Report on Voluntary Product Standards

AGENCY: National Bureau of Standards, Commerce.

ACTION: Development, maintenance, and withdrawal of certain voluntary standards.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 1982, the Department of Commerce (Department) announced in the Federal Register (47 FR 38171) the status of 26 standards classified as voluntary standards. The announcement was made in accordance with the revised "Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards" (15 CFR Part 10).

The August 30, 1982, notice specified the retention of specific standards for fixed periods of time. The updated status of all existing voluntary standards is indicated below.

The following Voluntary Product Standards will continue to be maintained by the Department:

Standard and Proponent Organization

PS 1-74 "Construction and Industrial Plywood", American Plywood Association

PS 20-70 "American Softwood Lumber Standard", American Lumber Standards Committee

PS 73-77 "Carbonated Soft Drink Bottles", Glass Packaging Institute

The Department has agreed to sponsor the development of a Voluntary Product Standard for the production of carbonated soft drinks in glass bottles, which was requested by the National Soft Drink Association. It has been determined that this standards project meets the six requirements for

Department sponsorship stated in § 10.0(b) of the mentioned Procedures.

The following standards will be retained by the Department until January 20, 1984, to permit the orderly transfer of sponsorship of such standards from the Department to the identified organizations.

PS 56-73 "Structural Glued Laminated Timber", American Institute of Timber Construction

PS 67-76 "Marking of Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles Other Than Watchcases", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 68-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Silver in Combination with Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 69-76 "Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum" Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 70-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Karat Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

for Testing and Materials

PS 71-76 "Marking of Jewelry and Novelties of Silver", Jewelers Vigilance Committee PS 72-76 "Toy Safety", American Society

In accordance with § 10.13 of the mentioned Procedures, notice is hereby given of the withdrawal of the following standards. This action is taken in furtherance of the Department's announced intentions as set forth in the August 30, 1982, notice to withdraw these standards. The effective date for the withdrawal of the standards will be March 21, 1988 This withdrawal action terminates the authority to refer to these standards as voluntary standards developed under the Department of Commerce procedures. The organizations listed below have assumed responsibility for the standards.

PS 36-70 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Boys' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

Society for Testing and Materials
PS 42-70 "Body Measurements for the
Sizing of Women's Patterns and
Apparel", American Society for Testing
and Materials

PS 45-71 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Young Men (Students)", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 51-71 "Hardwood and Decorative Plywood", Hardwood Plywood Manufacturers Association

PS 54-72 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Girls' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 63-75 "Latex Foam Mattresses for Hospitals", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 66-75 "Safety Requirements for Home Playground Equipment", American Society for Testing and Materials CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the

CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Infants. Babies. Toddlers and Children (for the Knit Underwear Industry)". American Society for Testing and Materials

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karl G. Newell, Jr., Office of Product Standards Policy, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234, Telephone: (301) 921–2368.

Dated: January 6, 1983.

Ernest Ambler,

Director.

(FR Doc. 83-927 Filed 1-19-83: 8:45 am).
BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

Office of the Secretary

President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control; Open Meeting

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Public meeting of the Executive Committee of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control.

SUMMARY: The President's Private
Sector Survey on Cost Control was
established by the President pursuant to
Executive Order 12369 of June 30, 1982,
and extended by Executive Order 12398
of December 31, 1982. The Executive
Committee of the Survey is chartered by
the Department of Commerce as a public
advisory committee in accord with the
Federal Advisory Committee Act.

The purpose of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control is to conduct a private sector survey on cost control in the Federal Government and to advise the President, the Secretary of Commerce, and other Executive agency heads with respect to improving management and reducing costs.

Time and Place

February 4, 1983 at 1100 a.m. The meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Commerce Auditorium. First Floor, Herbert C. Hoover Building, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Agenda

(1) Receive a status report on activities of the President's Private Sector Survey.

(2) Establish a Subcommittee of the Executive Committee. The purposes of the Subcommittee are: (i) To review the recommendations submitted, including task force reports and public comments, and (fi) determine which recommendations should be made to the President and Departments and Agencies.

supplementary information: To accomplish the President's objective that the survey be funded, to the

International Market Research (IMR)

Mikreports are original studies of growth export markets for selected U.S. industries. They are prepared on the spot, in the country of research, by market consultants under contract to the U.S. Department of Commerce or by the U.S. Foreign Commercial Service. The reports reflect the opinions and view of the surveyed country's end users, importers, agents, distributors and government officials. Fees for such reports are between \$50 and \$100, depending on length of the report. Stephen B. Strauss, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Trade Information and Analysis. 19-R Joc. 83-1565 Filed 1-19-83; 8:45 am

National Bureau of Standards

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

Status Report on Voluntary Product Standards

AGENCY: National Bureau of Standards, Commerce.

ACTION: Development, maintenance, and withdrawal of certain voluntary standards.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 1982, the Department of Commerce (Department) announced in the Federal Register (47 FR 38171) the status of 26 standards classified as voluntary standards. The announcement was made in accordance with the revised "Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards" (15 CFR Part 10).

The August 30, 1982, notice specified the retention of specific standards for fixed periods of time. The updated status of all existing voluntary standards is indicated below.

The following Voluntary Product Standards will continue to be maintained by the Department:

Standard and Proponent Organization

PS 1–74 "Construction and Industrial Plywood", American Plywood Association

PS 20-70 "American Softwood Lumber Standard", American Lumber Standards Committee

PS 73-77 "Carbonated Soft Drink Bottles". Glass Packaging Institute

The Department has agreed to sponsor the development of a Voluntary Product Standard for the production of carbonated soft drinks in glass bottles, which was requested by the National Soft Drink Association. It has been determined that this standards project meets the six requirements for

Department sponsorship stated in § 10.0(b) of the mentioned Procedures.

The following standards will be retained by the Department until January 20, 1984, to permit the orderly transfer of sponsorship of such standards from the Department to the identified organizations.

PS 56-73 "Structural Glued Laminated Timber", American Institute of Timber Construction

PS 67-76 "Marking of Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles Other Than Watchcases", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 68-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Silver in Combination with Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 69-76 "Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum" Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 70-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Karat Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 71-76 "Marking of Jewelry and Novelties of Silver", Jewelers Vigilance Committee PS 72-76 "Toy Safety", American Society for Testing and Materials

In accordance with § 10.13 of the mentioned Procedures, notice is hereby given of the withdrawal of the following standards. This action is taken in furtherance of the Department's announced intentions as set forth in the August 30, 1982, notice to withdraw these standards. The effective date for the withdrawal of the standards will be March 21, 198**2** This withdrawal action terminates the authority to refer to these standards as voluntary standards developed under the Department of Commerce procedures. The organizations listed below have assumed responsibility for the standards.

PS 36-70 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Boys' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 42-70 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Women's Patterns and Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 45-71 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Young Men (Students)", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 51-71 "Hardwood and Decorative Plywood", Hardwood Plywood Manufacturers Association

PS 54-72 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Girls' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 63-75 "Latex Foam Mattresses for Hospitals", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 66-75 "Safety Requirements for Home Playground Equipment", American Society for Testing and Materials

CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Infants. Babies. Toddlers and Children (for the Knit Underwear Industry)", American Society for Testing and Materials

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karl G. Newell, Jr., Office of Product Standards Policy, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234, Telephone: (301) 921–2368.

Dated: January 6, 1983. Ernest Ambler, Director. JFR Doc. 83-927 Filed 1-19-83: 8:45 aml

Office of the Secretary

BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control; Open Meeting

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Public meeting of the Executive Committee of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control.

SUMMARY: The President's Private
Sector Survey on Cost Control was
established by the President pursuant to
Executive Order 12369 of June 30, 1982,
and extended by Executive Order 12398
of December 31, 1982. The Executive
Committee of the Survey is chartered by
the Department of Commerce as a public
advisory committee in accord with the
Federal Advisory Committee Act.

The purpose of the President's Private Sector Survey on Gost Control is to conduct a private sector survey on cost control in the Federal Government and to advise the President, the Secretary of Commerce, and other Executive agency heads with respect to improving management and reducing costs.

Time and Place

February 4, 1983 at 1100 a.m. The meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Commerce Auditorium, First Floor, Herbert C. Hoover Building, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Agenda

(1) Receive a status report on activities of the President's Private Sector Survey.

(2) Establish a Subcommittee of the Executive Committee. The purposes of the Subcommittee are: (i) To review the recommendations submitted, including task force reports and public comments, and (f) determine which recommendations should be made to the President and Departments and Agencies.

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Initimational Market Research (IMR)

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Deputy Assistant Secretary for Trade Information and Analysis.
1-17 Doc. 83-1565 Filed 1-19-83: 8:45 am

BILLING CODE 3510-25-M

National Bureau of Standards

Status Report on Voluntary Product Standards

AGENCY: National Bureau of Standards, Commerce.

ACTION: Development, maintenance, and withdrawal of certain voluntary standards.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 1982, the Department of Commerce (Department) announced in the Federal Register (47 FR 38171) the status of 26 standards classified as voluntary standards. The announcement was made in accordance with the revised "Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards" (15 CFR Part 10).

The August 30, 1982, notice specified the retention of specific standards for fixed periods of time. The updated status of all existing voluntary standards is indicated below.

The following Voluntary Product Standards will continue to be maintained by the Department:

Standard and Proponent Organization

PS 1-74 "Construction and Industrial Plywood", American Plywood Association

PS 20-70 "American Softwood Lumber Standard", American Lumber Standards Committee

PS 73-77 "Carbonated Soft Drink Bottles". Glass Packaging Institute

The Department has agreed to sponsor the development of a Voluntary Product Standard for the production of carbonated soft drinks in glass bottles, which was requested by the National Soft Drink Association. It has been determined that this standards project meets the six requirements for

Department sponsorship stated in § 10.0(b) of the mentioned Procedures.

The following standards will be retained by the Department until January 20, 1984, to permit the orderly transfer of sponsorship of such standards from the Department to the identified organizations.

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PS 67-76 "Marking of Gold Filled and Rolled Gold Plate Articles Other Than Watchcases", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 68-76 "Marking of Articles Made of Silver in Combination with Gold", Jewelers Vigilance Committee

PS 69-76 "Marking of Articles Made Wholly or in Part of Platinum" Jewelers Vigilance Committee

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In accordance with § 10.13 of the mentioned Procedures, notice is hereby given of the withdrawal of the following standards. This action is taken in furtherance of the Department's announced intentions as set forth in the August 30, 1982, notice to withdraw these standards. The effective date for the withdrawal of the standards will be March 21, 1988 This withdrawal action terminates the authority to refer to these standards as voluntary standards developed under the Department of Commerce procedures. The organizations listed below have assumed responsibility for the standards.

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PS 63-75 "Latex Foam Mattresses for Hospitals", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 66-75 "Safety Requirements for Home Playground Equipment", American Society for Testing and Materials

CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Infants. Babies. Toddlers and Children (for the Knit Underwear Industry)", American Society for Testing and Materials

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karl G. Newell, Jr., Office of Product Standards Policy, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234, Telephone: (301) 921–2368.

Dated: January 6, 1983.

Ernest Ambler.

Director.

[FR Doc. 83-927 Filed 1-19-83: 8:45 am].
BILLING CODE 3510-13-M

Office of the Secretary

President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control; Open Meeting

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Public meeting of the Executive Committee of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control.

SUMMARY: The President's Private
Sector Survey on Cost Control was
established by the President pursuant to
Executive Order 12369 of June 30, 1982,
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The purpose of the President's Private Sector Survey on Odst Control is to conduct a private sector survey on cost control in the Federal Government and to advise the President, the Secretary of Commerce, and other Executive agency heads with respect to improving management and reducing costs.

Time and Place

February 4, 1983 at 1100 a.m. The meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Commerce Auditorium, First Floor, Herbert C. Hoover Building, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Agenda

(1) Receive a status report on activities of the President's Private Sector Survey.

(2) Establish a Subcommittee of the Executive Committee. The purposes of the Subcommittee are: (i) To review the recommendations submitted, including task force reports and public comments.

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National Bureau of Standards

Status Report on Voluntary Product Standards

AGENCY: National Bureau of Standards, Commerce.

ACTION: Development, maintenance, and withdrawal of certain voluntary standards.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 30, 1982, the Department of Commerce (Department) announced in the Federal Register (47 FR 38171) the status of 26 standards classified as voluntary standards. The announcement was made in accordance with the revised "Procedures for the Development of Voluntary Product Standards" (15 CFR Part 10).

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PS 54-72 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Girls' Apparel", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 63-75 "Latex Foam Mattresses for Hospitals", American Society for Testing and Materials

PS 66-75 "Safety Requirements for Home Playground Equipment", American Society for Testing and Materials

CS 151-50 "Body Measurements for the Sizing of Apparel for Infants, Babies, Toddlers and Children (for the Knit Underwear Industry)". American Society for Testing and Materials

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Karl G. Newell, Jr., Office of Product Standards Policy, National Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C. 20234, Telephone: (301) 921–2368.

Dated: January 6, 1983. Ernest Ambler, Director. [FR Doc. 83–927 Filed 1–19–83: 8:45 am]. BILLING CODE 3510–13–M

Office of the Secretary

President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control; Open Meeting

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of Public meeting of the Executive Committee of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control.

SUMMARY: The President's Private
Sector Survey on Cost Control was
established by the President pursuant to
Executive Order 12369 of June 30, 1982,
and extended by Executive Order 12398
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Committee of the Survey is chartered by
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Federal Advisory Committee Act.

The purpose of the President's Private Sector Survey on Cost Control is to conduct a private sector survey on cost control in the Federal Government and to advise the President, the Secretary of Commerce, and other Executive agency heads with respect to improving management and reducing costs.

February 4, 1983 at 1100 a.m. The meeting will take place at the U.S. Department of Commerce Auditorium. First Floor, Herbert C. Hoover Building. 14th Street and Constitution Avenue.

N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Agenda

Time and Place

(1) Receive a status report on activities of the President's Private Sector Survey.

(2) Establish a Subcommittee of the Executive Committee. The purposes of the Subcommittee are: (i) To review the recommendations submitted, including task force reports and public comments, and (f) determine which recommendations should be made to the President and Departments and Agencies.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: To accomplish the President's objective that the survey be funded, to the